

Point Hudson

Breakwater Improvement Project

Marine Resource Committee Meeting March 2021

Presenter: Mike Love, Port of Port Townsend

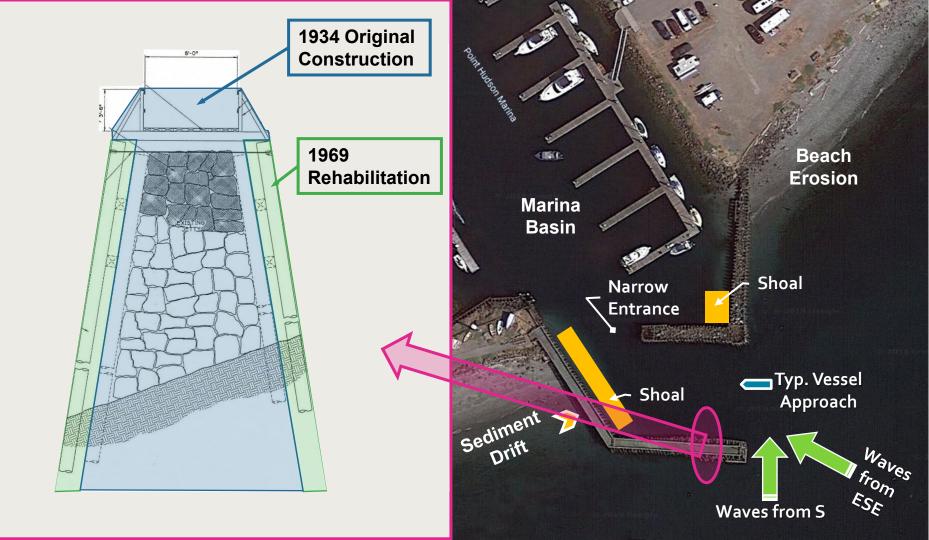
Location



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POINT HUDSON NORTH BREAKWATER



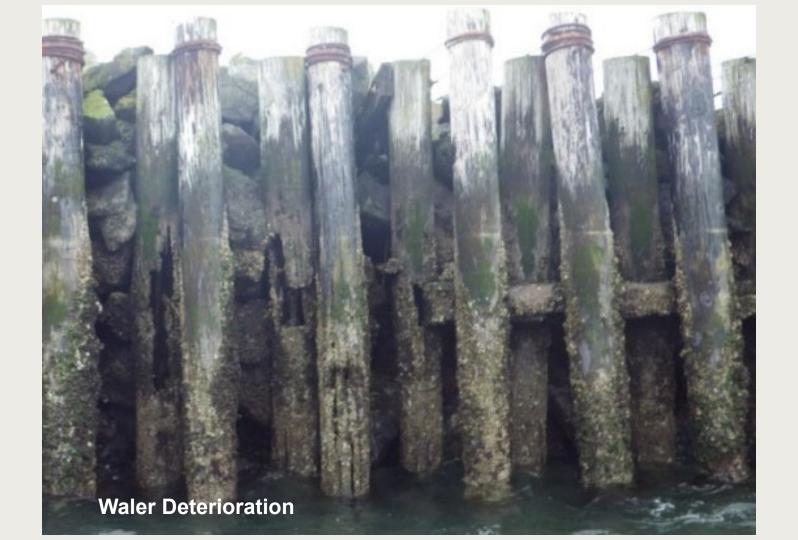
POINT HUDSON SOUTH BREAKWATER



Existing Condition

Timber piles, walers, cable tiebacks, and armor rock are at or beyond useful life. Stability of the overall structural system is compromised.







Existing Condition Pile Deterioration



A Challenging Marine Environment

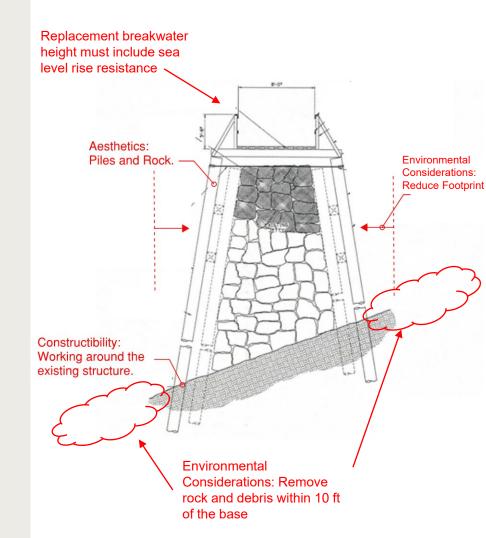
 A 2018 storm damaged the breakwaters, breaking pile tops, severing cable ties and further eroding the armor rock core



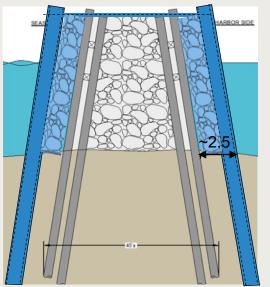
A December 2018 storm sweeps over the jetties and into the Point Hudson Marina.

Design Objectives

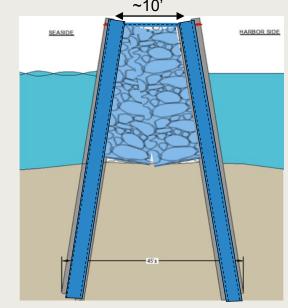
- Engineering. Protect existing marina and Port operations for 30 years from wind and vessel waves and sea level rise.
- Aesthetics. Similar in appearance to existing breakwater (rocks and piles) using environmentally acceptable materials.
- Environmental Considerations. Remove creosote, reduce breakwater footprint, and protect existing eelgrass outside of marina.
- Constructability. Minimize risks from potential cost overruns, delays, errors, and obstacles during construction.



Alt. Evaluation: Encapsulation vs. Replacement



- Existing structure remains except for a few select creosote timber piles removed for permitting.
- Piles driven in a batter outside of existing structure, expand footprint by 2.5 ft each side with mesh lagging.
- Reduces demo costs but increases offsite mitigation costs.

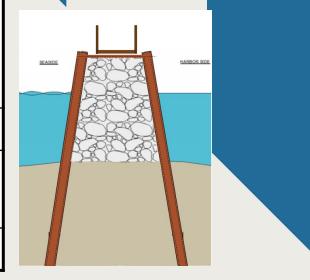


- Existing structure is completely removed including piles and rock.
- Piles driven batter with new rock installed between the rows of piling.
- Seeks to be self mitigating because of the reduction in footprint and creosote removal.

Breakwater Design

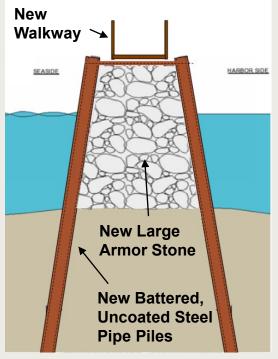
After review of the different alternatives, <u>Replacement</u> was selected as the preferred alternative with some additional input.

Category	Input
Pile	 Piles should be closely spaced, similar to the existing Piles should be uncoated steel pipe piles with sacrificial corrosion thickness, no composite piles Piles should be battered to match existing aesthetics Piles should be supported with tie rod cross-ties and potential walers
Breakwater Core	Large high quality riprap (granite)No mesh for rock containment
Walkway	 Design and system should allow for installation of walkway on top of the south breakwater End of walkway waterside should incorporate a wider turnaround and look out area
Permitting	 North and south breakwaters should be designed and permitted together

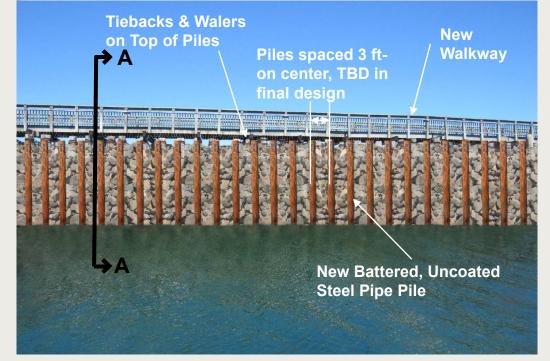


Selected Breakwater Design - Replacement

Selected Cross-Section and Elevation

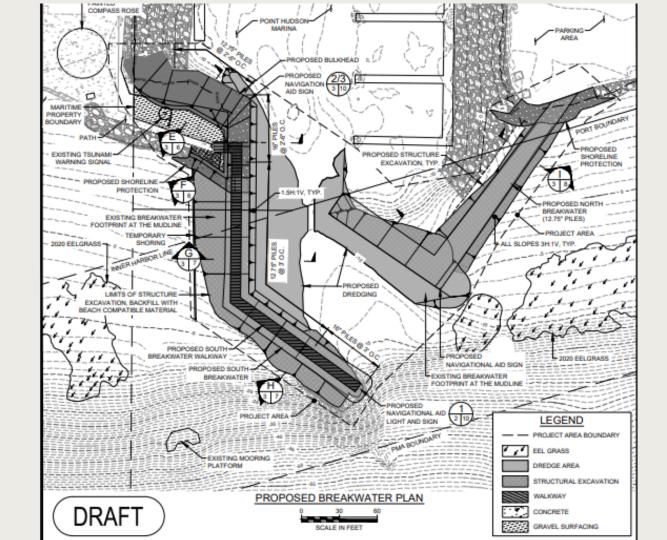


Section A - A

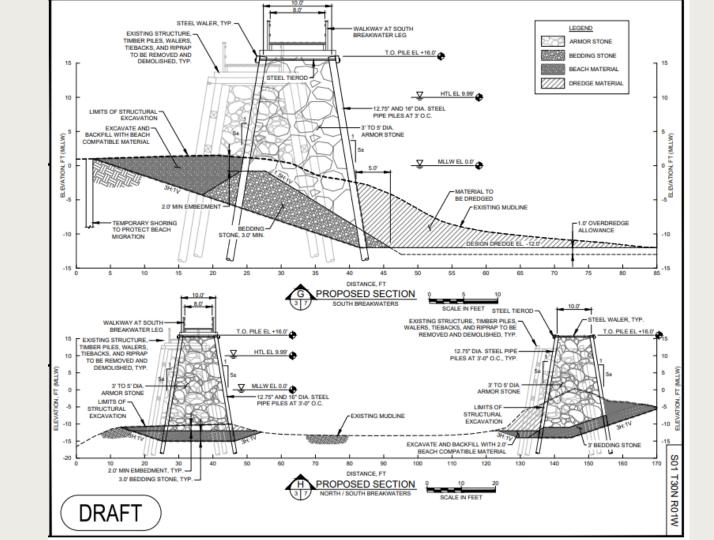


Elevation View

PERMIT DRAWING



PERMIT DRAWING



Potential Permitting Scenarios/Schedules

	Scenario 1 (Best Case)	Scenario 2	Scenario 3
Description			 Modification is rejected and a new permit application is required.
Permitting Length	6 months	12 months	• 18 + months
Permit Submittal	• July 2020	• July 2020	• July 2020
Permit Received	• Jan 2021	• July 2021 (+6 months)	• Jan 2022 (+12 months)
Bid Advertisement	Spring 2021	Spring 2021	Spring 2022 (+12 months)
Construction Start	• Fall 2021	• Fall 2021	• Fall 2022 (+1 year)
Construction End*	Spring/Fall 2022	Spring/Fall 2022	• Spring/Fall 2023 (+1 year)

• *Would seek to replace breakwater in one construction season however, depending on fish work window requirements, replacement may need to occur over two in water work windows.

Environmental Considerations

CREOSOTE REMOVAL 827 piles
 SMALLER FOOTPRINT
 ROCK AND DEBRIS REMOVAL
 INWATER WORK SEASON JULY TO FEBRUARY
 VIBRATORY PILE DRIVER
 BUBBLE CURTAIN
 FLOATING DEBRIS BOOM
 SILT CONTAINMENT CURTAIN
 HOURS OF WORK
 EEL GRASS AVOIDANCE
 MARINA OPERATION

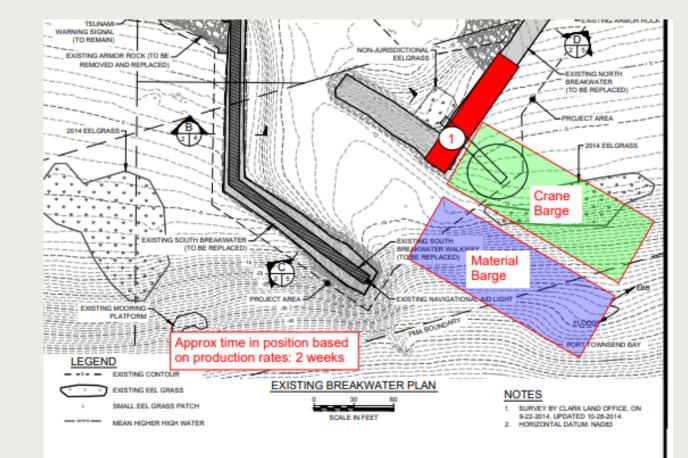


Construction Timeline of North Breakwater (Water access typical crane and barge)

Demo - 5 weeks 356 wood piles 5,428 cy

Rebuild - 12.5 to 14 wk 5,035 cy of Fill 197 new piles

Five Months of in-water Work without delay



CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING : DEMOLITION NORTH BREAKWATER

 North Jetty Construction Schedule

Pt Hudson Breakwater Replacement Project - Best Case Scenario Estimated Permitting and Construction Schedule			DRAFT	М
suma	ted Permitting and Construction Schedule		DIALI	MACDO
1	Task Name	Duration	2021 MayJun Jul AugSepOctNovDed Jan FebMarAprMayJun Jul AugS	2022
1	Permitting	6 months		
2	Initiate permit modification			
3	Finish preliminary design			
4	Submit JARPA application			
5	Permit review			
6	Receive permits			
7	Bid Document Creation	5 months	₩	
8	80% Design			
9	80% Design submitted for review			
10	Finalize 100% draft documents			
11	Finalize for bidding			
12	Bidding Process, Award, NTP	1.5 months	*	
13	Advertise			
14	Bidding			
15	Award			
16	NTP		\perp	
17	Pre-Construction	2.5 months		
18	Submittal reviews and procurement			
19	Construction	6 months		
20	In water work window			
21	Start construction on site			
22	Construction			↓
23	Construction complete			Spring

Project Costs

Total Project Costs (South and North)

- Construction Cost **\$13.6 Million** (2020 dollars)
- Engineering, Permitting, Bid Docs **\$400k**
- Construction Administration (South) **\$250k**
- Construction Administration (North) \$250k
- Grand Total = \$14.5 Million (2020 dollars)

Current Funding Sources (South and North)

- RCO \$880k (may be ineligible)
- EDA Grant **\$7.1M**
- Port Funding \$6.5 to \$7.4M
- Grand Total = \$14.5 Million

<u>Variables</u>

- Costs assume two separate construction seasons which is most likely scenario due to funding and potential fish window restrictions
- Permitting to be a permit amendment or modification to existing permits.

Summary

Replacement Alternative

• Breakwater replacement alternative similar in style as existing breakwater with modern materials and walkway on south breakwater.

Permitting

• Permitting will include replacement of both breakwaters.

Final Design

- Final design will be for replacement of both breakwaters.
- We may break project into Two Phases. Constructing the North Phase first.

<u>Schedule</u>

• Earliest Start Date August 2021 with completion of the north breakwater March 2022.



Questions?

